



Q1.

Animal Farm

Animal Farm is a satirical novel written by George Orwell in the form of a fable. At a literal level it tells the story of the overthrow of Jones, the owner of Manor Farm by the animals. ~~the~~ ~~of rhetorical devices~~ of the owner of Manor Farm by the animals. At a symbolic level events and characters represent events of the Russian Revolution.

The animals are spurred into action by an inspiring speech by Old Major, the prize-winning boar. He uses the full range of rhetorical devices, including many examples of emotive language to galvanise the animals' action.

The rebellion is led by two pigs notably Napoleon and Snowball. Each of these leaders has particular strengths and weaknesses.



Napoleon is powerful and decisive and he ~~asserts~~ ~~asserts~~ asserts his power by using Squealer as his spokesman and the dogs as his enforcers.

He is, however, greedy and ~~is~~ hypocritical.

He is also an intellectual of Snowball.

Snowball is a ^(clever) honest and he is true to his ideals. He does not realise

Orwell's novel is an attack on totalitarianism and he also on political corruption.