## Question 21 (3 marks)

A 0.001 mol  $L^{-1}$  solution of hydrochloric acid and a 0.056 mol  $L^{-1}$  solution of **3** ethanoic acid both have a pH of 3.0.

Why do both solutions have the same pH? The PH of the solution departs on the concentration of the add. Here hydrochrolic add (tru) has the concentration of 0.001 more which is less than that of the concentration of the ethanole add (i.e. 0.056 more 1. Therefore a new concentrated the hay the Jame PH of 30 of ethigh concentrated etiscoot.