
Question 21 (12 marks)

- (a) Recommend ONE primary and ONE secondary geographical method that could be used to assist in the management of an ecosystem at risk that you have studied. 4

One primary geographical method that I would use to assist in the management of an ecosystem at risk that you have studied is ~~to~~ increase the amount of policies in order to manage an ecosystem and on the other a secondary geographical method I would increase the amount of penalty for people who will disobey it.

- (b) Describe the effect of ONE natural and ONE human-induced change on an ecosystem at risk that you have studied. 4

One natural change on an ecosystem which is the Great Barrier Reef that is ~~at risk~~ makes it at risk is the Global warming, the reason for that is it damaged everything which causes its natural resources from destruction. Whereas ~~one~~ human-induced has been over ~~using~~ ~~abusing~~ the ecosystem that caused it damage.

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Question 21 (continued)

- (c) How could Cúc Phương National Park be managed to respond to human-induced changes which place the ecosystem at risk? In your answer, refer to the Sources on pages 2 and 3 of the Stimulus Booklet. 4

Cúc Phương National Park was the first
protected by ~~the government~~ area recognised
by the Vietnamese government but citizen
of Vietnam ~~didn't~~ managed to destroy its
resources because of the needs and lack
of foods in order to feed themselves.
The people around this area have managed
to put the ecosystems at risk because of
by cutting caused by deforestation needs
of woods is the reason why they've managed it.

End of Question 21