

Q4. a) $|x - 1| \geq 3$

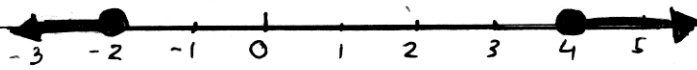
$$x - 1 \geq 3 \quad \text{or} \quad -(x - 1) \geq 3$$

$$x \geq 4$$

$$-x + 1 \geq 3$$

$$-x \geq 2$$

$$x \leq -2$$

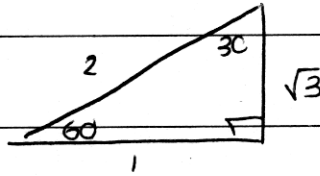


b) $0^\circ \leq \theta \leq 360^\circ$

$$\cos \theta - \frac{2}{5} = 0 \quad = \quad 0^\circ \leq \theta \leq 180^\circ$$

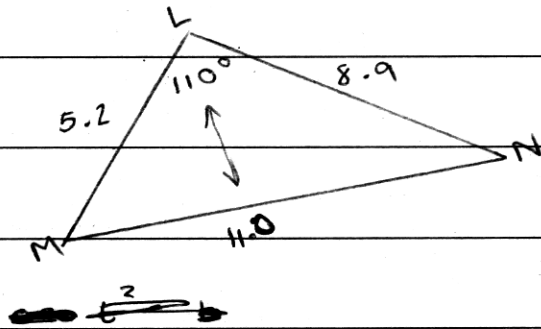
~~$\cos \theta = \frac{2}{5}$~~

$$\cos \theta = 2$$





c)



i) ~~cos~~ $d^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$

$$L^2 = 5.2^2 + 8.9^2 - 2 \times 5.2 \times 8.9 \times \cos 110^\circ$$

$$L^2 = ~~120.7295~~ \quad 120.7295741 \quad (\text{by calculator})$$

$$L = \sqrt{120.7295741}$$

$$= 10.98770104 \quad (\text{by calculator})$$

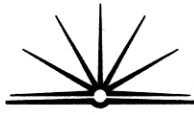
$$MN = ~~10~~ \quad 11.0 \quad (1 \text{ dp})$$

ii) $A = \frac{1}{2} ab \sin c$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times 5.2 \times 8.9 \times \sin 110$$

$$= 22.8551083 \quad (\text{by calculator})$$

$$= 22.9 \text{ m}^2 \quad (1 \text{ dp}).$$



d) i) $y = 6x - x^2$ $x(6-x) = 0$

$y = 2x$ $2x = y$

$2x = 6x - x^2$ $2x = x(6-x)$

$x^2 = 4x$ $2 = 6-x$

$x^2 - 4x = 0$ $x = 4$

when $x = 4$ when $x = 4$

~~$4^2 - 4(4)$~~ $2(4) = 4(6-4)$

$8 = 8$

$\therefore B = (4, 8)$

ii) \int_0^6 $y = 6x - x^2$ cuts x axis when $y = 0$

$6x - x^2 = 0$

$x(6-x) = 0$

$x = 0$ and $x = 6$

Area = $\int_0^6 6x - x^2 dx - \int_0^6 2x dx$

= $\left[3x^2 - \frac{x^3}{3} \right]_0^6 - \left[x^2 \right]_0^6$

= $\left[\left(3(6)^2 - \frac{6^3}{3} \right) \right] - [4^2]$

= $[108 - 72] - 16 = 20 \text{ units}^2$