



b) The diverse nature of young peoples lives affects their health dramatically.

The socioeconomically disadvantaged are more likely to drop out of school and have low levels of education. Suffer depression from being long time unemployed and unable to gain independence. There is a higher chance of road injury or death due to the quality of their motor vehicle. They are more likely to have low health education and less likely to access health care as it costs too much. The ~~socially~~ economic socioeconomically disadvantaged are also more likely to lead chaotic lifestyle's, due to substance abuse in some cases.

Aboriginality affects young peoples health as they are more likely to have low levels of education. Live in areas where natural resources are lacking - like clean water. Drink at high unsafe levels, although being less likely to drink. Suffer depression from racism and isolation. Young Aboriginals are more likely to be involved in risk taking behaviours,

increasing their risk of injury or death.

Geographical Location impacts on young peoples health. People in isolated locations are more likely to be involved in road related accidents, due to boredom and living on farms where seat belts are not required and there is no speed limit. They may find it difficult to access health care due to isolation.

Have low levels of health education and have little knowledge of available health care facilities.

Ethnicity can create health inequities in young people because they can suffer depression from racism or family left behind. Have low levels of health due to disease brought with them or contracted in Australia.

Inability to access health care due to lack of English or cultural customs.

It is this diversity in the lives of young people which may make it difficult for them to achieve a high health status.