

Question 21 (4 marks)

In his science fiction novel *From the Earth to the Moon*, Jules Verne describes how to launch a capsule from a cannon to land on the moon. To reach the moon, the capsule must leave the cannon with a speed of $1.06 \times 10^4 \text{ m s}^{-1}$. The cannon has a length of 215 m, over which the capsule can be assumed to accelerate constantly.

- (a) Calculate the magnitude of the acceleration required to achieve this speed using this cannon. 2

$$v = \frac{r}{t} \quad \therefore t = \frac{r}{v} = \frac{215}{1.06 \times 10^4} = 0.02 \text{ s}$$

$$v = 1.06 \times 10^4 \text{ m/s}$$

$$v = u + at$$

$$1.06 \times 10^4 = 0 + a \times (0.02) \quad \therefore a = 5.23 \times 10^5 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$s = 215 \text{ m}$

- (b) Referring to your answer in part (a), explain why Jules Verne's method is unsuitable for sending a living person to the moon. 2

At such a large acceleration, ~~the~~ a living person would not be able to survive the g forces created by the ~~force of~~ ~~sub~~ thrust. (It would exceed 3g)