



Section III

24) a) - The ever increasing power of computer hardware, making hardware faster and more powerful

- The development of GUI

- The development of assembler language that has made it easier for ~~users~~ programmers to design software.

- Development of silicon based transistors

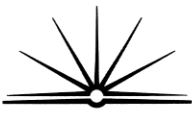
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b) - miniaturisation of micro chips

- development of silicon/germanium based transistors.

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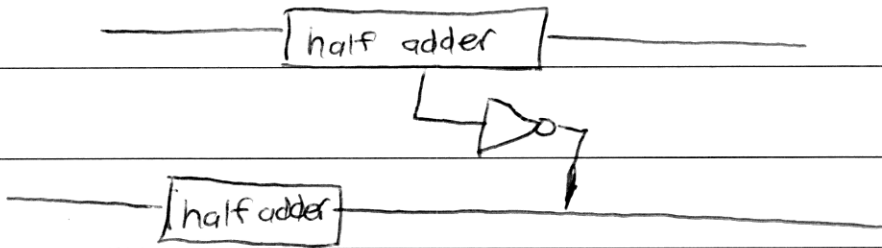
PTO



25) a) i)

A	B	C	S
0	1	0	1
1	0	0	0
1	0	0	0
1	1	1	1

ii)



b) * floating point sets for instructions

* Integer representations can only be calculated or stored.

iii)

c) i) the first packet is added with the second packet and then divided by 13 and then compared against the third packet to ensure the correct transmission of the signal.

$$\begin{array}{r}
 11) \quad 0101100101 + \\
 \underline{10111010111} \\
 \hline
 1000001000
 \end{array}$$

$$13 \div 2 = 6 \text{ r } 1$$

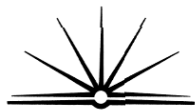
$$6 \div 2 = 3 \text{ r } 0$$

$$3 \div 2 = 1 \text{ r } 1$$

$$1 \div 2 = 0 \text{ r } 1$$

$$13_{10} = 1101$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 r = \underline{\quad \times \times \times 11 \text{ } \textcircled{0} \textcircled{0} \textcircled{0} \textcircled{0}} \\
 1101 \overline{) 1000001000} \\
 \underline{1101} \\
 01010 \\
 \underline{1101} \\
 01110 \\
 \underline{1101} \\
 001110 \\
 \underline{1101} \\
 001100 \\
 \underline{1101} \\
 0001
 \end{array}$$



111) Begin Move Toy

Input data from ~~data~~ receiver

if data length = 13

continue

endif.

if 'x' at beginning^{of 1st packet} = 0 then

move ~~from~~ ~~output~~ output left

else

~~right~~ right

endif

if "xy" at the beginning of 2nd packet

= 0 then

move input ~~to~~ down

else

up

endif

end.