



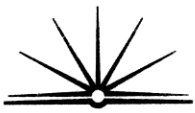
b) i) ①

succedente oneri; dextrae se parvus Iulus

implicuit sequiturque patrem non passibus aequis

② heavy dactylic represents sombre mood.

ii) Virgil's heavily descriptive language in lines 717-720, gives the passage a mystical mood, highlighting Aeneas's role



of destiny. "haec fatus latos
umeros subiectaque colla"- 'with
this, I lay him over my back
and shoulders', highlights the
responsibility of Aeneas, not
only for himself, but also
his father, his son Iulus,
and many other Trojan
companions.

Virgil's mentioning of "parvus
Iulus"- 'little Iulus' and "coniunx"
- 'my wife' also remind the
reader of Aeneas responsibility
for his family.