

Q4

a) ~~As~~ Cyrus in ~~bitterness~~ turns gusy

~~Pholoe~~ bitter Pholoe but the

Roe-deers will join with the Apelian

Wolf before Pholoe commits a sin

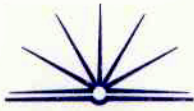
with a ^{disgusting} ~~horrible~~ adulterer.

Thus Venus ~~seems~~ seems, ~~the~~ who

it pleses to send unequal beauty

and hearts under a bronze yoke

as a ^{cruel} ~~mean~~ joke.



When Venus ~~was~~^{was} seeking me myself better

~~the~~ ~~held~~ ~~me~~ Myrtle the freedwoman

held me with ~~attention~~^{gisting} letters

more bitter than the ~~usage~~

~~rights of the~~ ~~of the~~ Calabrian

Bays of the Adriatic ~~with~~ Adriatic's

curving straits.



b). An Oxymoron is in the last stanza with the words "fretis --- curvantis" - curving straits.

c). ~~Horace~~ Horace consoles Albius through maintaining a light and almost trivial tone through this poem in order to ~~reassure~~ assure Albius that everything will be all right.

In the first stanza ~~Horace~~ Horace ~~depicts~~ depicts a stereotypical scene that is so clichéd it is humorously. A broken-hearted lover singing songs to himself, bemoaning the loss of his girl-friend gives a sense of perspective to ~~the~~ Albius problems. Horace goes on in a ~~jo~~ jocular tone to say how love is fickle and ~~is~~ confused. The long list of

entangled lovers - "~~the~~ Lycoids ... Cyri ... Pholoen ... Myrtle" shows how easily love comes and goes. Moreover, Horace points out that none is getting who they want.

The light-hearted tone is continued in the second stanza, with a ludicrous hyperbolic image of the 100-deers joining with the wolves. ~~the~~

Horace goes on to talk of Venus, and points out that none has any control over their loves. It pleases Venus to torment people, throwing together the most unlikely couples - "Veneri, placet ... saevo ... ioco". This mythological reference is not intended to be taken seriously, it is rather a demonstration of the fickle nature of love.



Horace concludes with an anecdote about his own love life. The final line of the poem ~~also~~ surely cannot be taken seriously, as Horace uses the oxymoron "fretis...curventis!"

Thus Horace creates a lighthearted tone that he hopes will dissuade Albius from any more lamenting his lost Glycera.